

LESSON
1-6

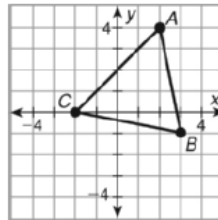
Practice B

Midpoint and Distance in the Coordinate Plane

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of each segment.

1. \overline{TU} with endpoints $T(5, -1)$ and $U(1, -5)$ _____
2. \overline{VW} with endpoints $V(-2, -6)$ and $W(x + 2, y + 3)$ _____
3. Y is the midpoint of \overline{XZ} . X has coordinates $(2, 4)$, and Y has coordinates $(-1, 1)$. Find the coordinates of Z . _____

Use the figure for Exercises 4–7.



4. Find AB . _____
5. Find BC . _____
6. Find CA . _____
7. Name a pair of congruent segments. _____

Find the distances.

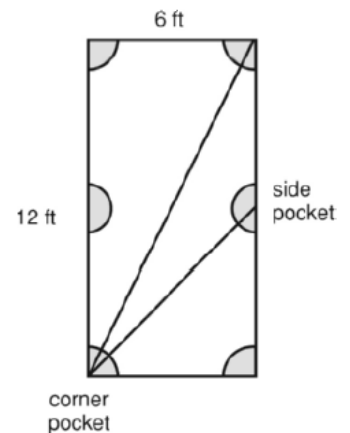
8. Use the Distance Formula to find the distance, to the nearest tenth, between $K(-7, -4)$ and $L(-2, 0)$. _____
9. Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the distance, to the nearest tenth, between $F(9, 5)$ and $G(-2, 2)$. _____

Use the figure for Exercises 10 and 11.

Snooker is a kind of pool or billiards played on a 6-foot-by-12-foot table. The side pockets are halfway down the rails (long sides).

10. Find the distance, to the nearest tenth of a foot, diagonally across the table from corner pocket to corner pocket.

11. Find the distance, to the nearest tenth of an inch, diagonally across the table from corner pocket to side pocket.



Practice B

1. $(3, -3)$

2. $\left(\frac{x}{2}, \frac{y-3}{2}\right)$

3. $(-4, -2)$

4. $\sqrt{26}$ units

5. $\sqrt{26}$ units

6. $4\sqrt{2}$ units

7. \overline{AB} and \overline{BC}

8. 6.4 units

9. 11.4 units

10. 13.4 ft

11. 101.8 in.